

--Fig. 10: Analysis of Phytophtora palmivora isolates from the Philippines with the primer combination ISR5/ISTR-2

1.: : #P8704 (DRC089; Davao City, Mindanao); 2: #P8646 (DRC001; Davao Sur, Mindanao); 3: #P8652 (DRC007; Davao City, Mindanao); 4: #P8650 (DRC005; Davao City, Mindanao); 5: #P8698 (DRC082; Zamboanga, Mindanao); 6: #P8684 (DRC065; De Oro City, Mindanao); 7: #P8676 (DRC053; Davao City, Mindanao); 8: #P8653 (DRC008; Davao Norte, Mindanao); 9: #P8647 (DRC002; Davao Norte, Mindanao); 10: #P8649 (DRC004; Davao Norte, Mindanao); 11: #P8662; 12: #P8663 (DRC030; Davao Norte, Mindanao); 13: #P8667 (DRC036; South Cotabato, Mindanao); 14: #P8651 (DRC006; Davao Sur, Mindanao); 15: #P8674 (DRC047; Batangas, Luzon); 16: #P8660 (DRC025; Laguna, Luzon); 17: #P8705 (DRC090; Davao Norte, Mindanao); 18: #P8665 (DRC033; South Cotabato, Mindanao). M: Control reaction with DNA of the MRD (Malayan Red Dwarf) coconut palm. Figure 10B shows the high number of polymorphous DNA fragments visible by gel analysis with a single ISTR primer combination. Figure 10C shows 30 of these bands analyzed using known methods of cluster analysis